

"FAKE" ASPIRIN WAS TALCUM

Always Ask for Genuine
"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"



If you see the "Bayer Cross" on the package you are sure you are not getting talcum powder. Millions of fraudulent Aspirin Tablets were recently sold throughout the country. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetenechloride of Salicylic Acid.

HAVE "CA" CANNY DOWN FINE

English Labor Said to Lead the World in the Fine Art of Working Slowly.

Atwood Flower, the industrial expert, said at a Sphinx club dinner in New York:

"English labor works high pay, like what we give our own labor over here, but the trouble about that is the 'ca' canny' English labor policy."

"Ca' canny' means going slow, and it's got to be admitted that for going slow, for keeping output down, English labor beats the world."

"One day in London I was inspecting a building operation. A foreman, as I passed, bawled up a ladder:

"Hodges, what the blazes are you doin' up there?"

"I'm layin' bricks, o' course, an' angry voice bawled down:

"Well, by heavens, by the stillness of you," yelled the foreman, "you might be layin' eggs."

No ugly, grimy streaks on the clothes when Red Cross Ball Blue is used. Good bluing gets good results. All grocers carry it—5c.

Vagrant's Fragrance.

"The whisky toper usually eats onions. Deliver me, then, from his proximity in train or theater."

The speaker was Charles L. Chute, secretary of the National Prohibition league.

"An Albany missionary," he went on, "was visiting a jail. He asked a red-nosed inmate what his crime had been. 'I didn't do nothing,' says red nose. 'Honest to goodness, boss. I didn't do nothin.'"

"Well, anyhow, what did they charge you with doing?" said the missionary.

"Durned if I know, boss," said red nose. "As near as I can make out, they put me in here for fragrance."

Immense Dock for London.

With the object of regaining for London her former proud position as premier port of the world, a new and enormous dock, capable of accommodating the world's liners, is being constructed on the south side of the Royal Albert docks. Its water area is to be 64 acres and, by means of a floating caisson, its normal length is capable of extension to 910 feet—large enough for a bigger boat than even the 868-foot Aquitania.

No Sense of Humor.

"How did you happen to lose your last cook?"

"She didn't like my style of humor."

"No?"

"Having shown symptoms of an artistic temperament on several occasions, I asked her if she thought our kitchen was a way station on the road to the movies, and, bless my soul, she quit."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Choler hates a counsellor.

THIN PEOPLE SHOULD TAKE PHOSPHATE

Nothing Like Plain Bitro-Phosphate to Put on Firm, Healthy Flesh and to Increase Strength, Vigor and Nerve Force.

Judging from the countless preparations and treatments which are continually being advertised for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing arms, neck and bust, and replacing ugly hollows and angles by the soft curved lines of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their excessive thinness.

Thinness and weakness are often due to starved nerves. Our bodies need more phosphate than is contained in modern foods. Physicians claim there is nothing that will supply this deficiency so well as the organic phosphate known among druggists as bitro-phosphate, which is inexpensive and is sold by most all druggists under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. By feeding the nerves directly and by supplying the body cells with the necessary phosphoric food elements, bitro-phosphate should produce a welcome transformation in the appearance; the increase in weight frequently being astonishing.

Increase in weight also carries with it general improvement in the health. Nervousness, sleeplessness and lack of energy, which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, should disappear, dull eyes become bright, and pale cheeks glow with the bloom of perfect health.

CAUTION:—Although bitro-phosphate is safe for relieving nervousness, sleeplessness and general weakness, it should not, owing to its tendency to increase weight, be used by anyone who does not desire to put on flesh.

Can't Be Done.

"One of the oldest and most famous taverns has been forced out of business by prohibition."

"Drat these reformers! I dare say many interesting stories are told about that place."

"Of course."

"How we are ever going to attach any legendary lore to a soda fountain is more than I can see."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Young America.

"Don't you want to hear about Tom, Tom, the piper's son?"

"No, too busy. I belong to a pig club myself and it's time to feed the stock."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

COULDN'T SLEEP

Was Miserable and Loosing Weight Suffering From Kidney Complaint. Doan's Removed the Trouble.

"I was about down and out from kidney trouble," says Harry Griffith, of 228 N. Darlington St., Westchester, Pa. "The kidney secretions burned like scalding water. Sometimes there would be a complete stoppage and, oh! what pain I suffered! My feet became swollen and I had a time of it getting on my shoes."

"My back hurt right over my kidneys. Nights I did nothing but toss about. It was just as though a knife were thrust into my back. I couldn't bend over without terrible pain and I would fall to my knees and crawl along to get hold of something to help myself up. Blinding dizzy spells came on and terrible headaches added to my misery. 'I was rapidly losing weight and knew something would have to be done. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and was more than surprised. The troubles were soon leaving me and six boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me entirely. To this day I have been free from kidney complaint.'"

Suorn to before me.

A. J. TOWNSEND, Notary Public.

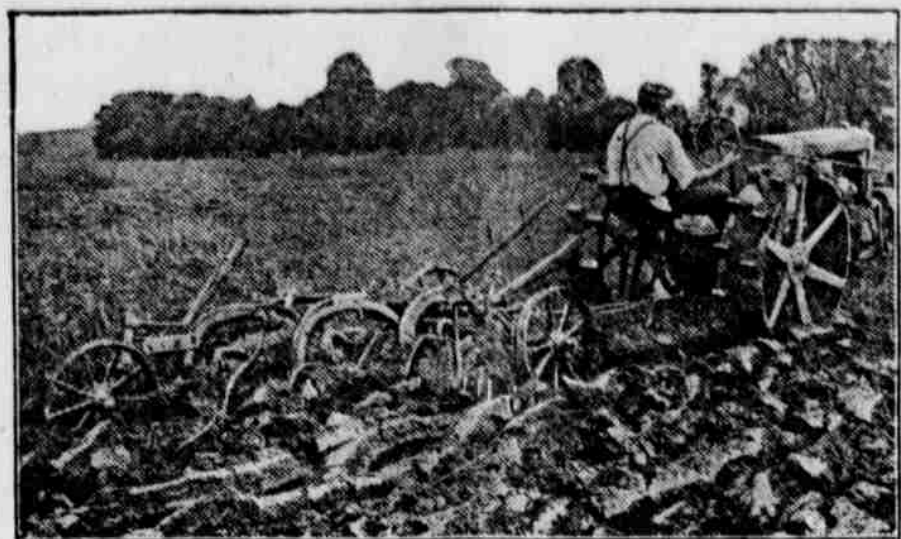
Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE DRINK in five days from malt and hops. Formula 25c. H. Petersdorf, 40 W. Forrest, Detroit, Mich.

If you have \$100 or more to invest in profitable, substantial business, write Chomley Copper Co., 203 Epler Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

W. N. U., SIOUX CITY, NO. 25-1919.

TREND SEEMS TO BE TOWARD MOTORIZED FARMS, ELIMINATING ALL HORSE POWER



Plowing With a Small Tractor.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Manufacture of tractors for agricultural use has grown greatly in a comparatively few years, but a big field is still open to manufacturers in the small farmers' business, which can be gained only by the introduction of all-purpose tractors that can be used economically on farms of under 100 tillable acres.

Prior to 1905 practically all power plowing was done by steam. If there was any machine in use at that time employing an internal-combustion engine as its source of power, the case apparently has never become a matter of record. Steam plowing has been in vogue for a number of years, especially in regions such as the Dakotas, Montana, and the Canadian provinces of the Northwest. Here were found bonanza farms consisting of thousands of acres, one crop of wheat sometimes paying for the entire farm. These large tracts, stretching away for miles in a level and unbroken plain, offered conditions which were suitable for these mammoth steam outfits weighing many tons.

Several factors had a bearing on the elimination of steam as a source of power for plowing and the substitution of the internal-combustion engine.

The fuel was bulky for the power transmitted, and the storage space on the engine was small. Several men were required. The steam engine as then constructed could not stand the constant strain and rough usage necessary in plowing. It was necessary to spend considerable time in care and repair, just as is required by the railroad locomotive after a five or six hour run.

How Use of Gas Engine Began.

There was a demand by operators for a machine which would do away with these disadvantages. Interest was shown by various manufacturers and their attention was directed toward the development of a machine using the internal combustion engine. Apparently 1905 was the first year that a gas tractor advertised as a source of power was placed on the market. This machine employed a double-cylinder engine, using gasoline for power and oil for cooling. It had a rating of 22 nominal and 40 actual brake horsepower and was capable of pulling six to eight 12-inch plows, depending on the soil. The weight was practically the same as that of the steam engine, about nine and one-half tons. While operators were not satisfied with the steam tractors on the market, there was then considerable prejudice against the gas tractor, so that machines were built which looked as much like a steam engine as possible. Perhaps this fact, to some extent, tended to overcome the prejudice and make for the popularity of the outfit.

By 1908 so much interest was manifested throughout the Northwest in the gas tractor that it was decided to hold a motor competition in connection with the industrial exhibition at Winnipeg, Canada. During the week of July 13-17, 1908, this contest was held, the first of its kind on the American continent. Machines were exhibited by five companies; two other companies entered, but withdrew. The rules of the contest limited the weight to seven and one-half tons to keep out steam rigs. This rule barred one gas tractor, as it weighed nine and one-half tons.

Early Tests Unsatisfactory.

The tests upon which final award was based consisted of hauling, plowing and manipulation. Some of the soil conditions were not ideal, and a bad impression was given in the hauling tests. The barred machine put on a private demonstration and made an excellent showing, using kerosene, except to warm up the motor at the beginning. The significance of this contest was that the weak points were shown and that it started the development of practical motors for small farms.

In 1909 a similar test was held at Winnipeg and six companies demonstrated machines. The contest was divided into four classes: (a) Internal combustion 20 horsepower and under, (b) 20-30 horsepower, (c) over 30 horsepower, and (d) steam engines. This contest created much interest in manufacturing circles, and many manufacturers were present to obtain useful information, which showed that they were alive to the possibilities attending the development of a successful tractor.

To Winnipeg must go the honor of starting an idea which has done a great deal to develop the tractor industry rapidly. These tests were the forerunners of others in various sections of the United States and Canada

that have given farmers the opportunity of seeing these machines at work and deciding on the merits of the individual tractors.

Tractor Shows Develop.

In 1909 five tractors were exhibited at the Omaha land show. It was intended to make the exhibition a permanent feature, but failure to find suitable land for plowing caused the idea to be abandoned. Not until 1913 was anything on a large scale attempted in the United States. Then a demonstration was held at Fremont, Neb., in which 23 manufacturers exhibited 39 tractors. From this time on a national tractor demonstration has been held each summer, with an ever-increasing number of manufacturers exhibiting until at the last show, held in Salina, Kan., in 1918, over 300 machines were entered, and 53 manufacturers were represented. A winter meeting is held each year at which manufacturers of tractors and accessories exhibit. This show has been held in Kansas City, Mo., for the past four years. Various local shows are put on each summer, and since 1913 these have continued throughout the summer, beginning in Texas and continuing northward. In March, 1919, the first large demonstration of the year was held in the South at Macon, Ga., which shows that the South is alive to the possibilities of tractor farming.

The following production figures show the enormous growth of the tractor industry in the comparatively short time it has been in existence:

FARM MACHINERY—FARM POWER, MARCH 15, 1919.

1912 11,600
1914 15,000
1915 21,000

FARM EQUIPMENT CONTROL, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

1916 29,670
1917 62,742
1918 132,769

MANUFACTURERS' ESTIMATED PRODUCTION.

1919 314,955

As previously stated, there was estimated to be between 45 and 50 firms or individuals making or attempting to make tractors in 1909. The office of farm management, United States department of agriculture, has always kept in close touch with the tractor industry, and the files show that in 1909 there were 102 firms actively engaged in manufacturing tractors and 162 firms and individuals planning to begin in the near future.

Character of Tractor Changed.

In the beginning the tractor was constructed to simulate the steam engine in appearance. As time passed and prejudice disappeared many refinements took place until today it is a compact, well-built machine capable of performing a multitude of operations. The first machines were heavy, rough affairs, capable of pulling eight, ten, or more bottoms. It was soon recognized that if the industry were to prosper a machine would have to be built which would be practical for ordinary-sized farms. The result was that small machines came on the market, built to pull two and three plows. This type of tractor appealed to the small farmer.

There are now more two and three plow machines built than of all other sizes combined. There are, however, a number of companies still making a large-size tractor, which is still used on the big farms of the Northwest and the Pacific coast.

How Tractor Was Transformed.

From the rough machines of 1908 and 1909 with single cylinders, chain drive, cast gears, excessive weight, exposed working parts, and poor accessibility have been developed machines of light weight with inclosed working parts, friction and various gear drives, electric fixtures, radiator cooling systems, cut and hardened gears, multiple cylinders, air cleaners, kerosene carburetors, one-man control, and an easy accessibility—all this at a price of one-half to one-fourth of the early machines.

Owing to varying conditions, there are two types of machine on the market at present—the crawler and the wheeled type. The purpose of the crawler is to prevent miring down on soft ground. The same principle was employed by tanks in the late war. The wheeled tractors are more numerous and employ various devices to obtain traction, such as lugs, grousers, spikes, cleats and extension rims. Again, some wheels have a device giving a stepping arrangement, as in the P-T wheel, which was developed by two Italian army engineers. A few tractors employ both the crawler and wheel.

As yet the tractor industry is comparatively young, and what its ultimate effect on farming will be it is impossible to say.

THE MAKING OF A FAMOUS MEDICINE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Is Prepared For Woman's Use.

A visit to the laboratory where this successful remedy is made impresses even the casual looker-on with the reliability, accuracy, skill and cleanliness which attend the making of this great medicine for woman's ills.

Over 350,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually and all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their natural juices and medicinal substances are at their best.

The most successful solvents are used to extract the medicinal properties from these herbs.

Every utensil and tank that comes in contact with the medicine is sterilized and as a final precaution in cleanliness the medicine is pasteurized and sealed in sterile bottles.

It is the wonderful combination of roots and herbs, together with the skill and care used in its preparation which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

The letters from women who have been restored to health by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which we are continually publishing attest to its virtue.

Growing Old.

When a man gets so he can philosophize it means he is getting along in years.—Macon Republican.

Some are already using hard words over the tax on soft drinks.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Doesn't hurt a bit and costs only a few cents



Magic! Just drop a little Freezone on that touchy corn, instantly it stops aching, then you lift the corn off with the fingers. Truly! No humbug!

Try Freezone! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezone is the discovery of a noted Cincinnati genius.

General Pershing's War Map.

In installing General Pershing's war map in the old National Museum building in Washington, the commander's room at the front just as it looked when the map was in actual use, is being reproduced as a setting. Here will be the chairs used by the general and his aids while they studied the map, which changed hourly, night and day, as reports came in and were recorded. The table at which the officers looked over documents will stand as it used to at one side, and the walls will be covered with the identical lineoleum that was a background for the map. The map was brought over in pieces now joined together, and the conventional design of the lineoleum is said to give an odd kitchenlike domesticity to the room in which General Pershing watched history writing itself in a very literal sense on the wall.

A Fair Proposition.

"Mr. Grabco, I've saved up \$3,000 and I want to marry your daughter."

"Do you realize that \$3,000 won't last long nowadays?"

"Oh, yes, sir. But it ought to take care of us for at least six months and at the end of that time if I haven't convinced you that I'm an ideal son-in-law you needn't do a thing for us."

As we have to live with ourselves we should see to it that we always have good company.

FARMERS ARE WORKING HARDER

And using their feet more than ever before. For all these workers the frequent use of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, increases their efficiency and insures needed physical comfort. It takes the Friction from the Shoe, freshens the feet, and prevents tired, aching and blistered feet. Women everywhere are constant users of Allen's Foot-Ease. Don't get foot sore, get Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by dealers everywhere.—Adv.

The Ruling Passion.

Mrs. Talkerton—Oh, dear! I wish there was some way to break little Gladys of sucking her thumb.

Her Husband—Don't worry; when she gets a little older she'll notice that it interferes with her talking. Then she'll quit it herself.

Buy a Farm Now.

Because land is cheaper than it will ever be again. The U. S. Railroad Administration is prepared to furnish free information to homeseekers regarding farming opportunities. We have nothing to sell; no money to lend; only information to give. Write me fully with reference to your needs. Name the state you want to learn about. J. J. Edwards, Manager, Agricultural Section, U. S. Railroad Administration, Room 76, Washington, D. C.—Adv.

"The way of the transgressor is hard," when he is trying to transgress the laws of nature.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

Calling names in an argument may make the chap called sore, but do they answer his arguments?

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Fletch*.

In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A daughter is an embarrassing and ticklish possession.—Menander.

STRENGTHENS KIDNEYS—PURIFIES BLOOD

You can't expect weak kidneys to filter the acids and poisons out of your system unless they are given a little help. Don't allow them to become diseased when a little attention now will prevent it. Don't try to cheat nature.

As soon as you commence to have backaches, feel nervous and tired, and BUSY. These are usually warnings that your kidneys are not working properly.

Do not delay a minute. Go after the cause of your ailments or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease. GOLD MEDAL Haerlem Oil capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney troubles. GOLD MEDAL Haerlem Oil Capsules will do the work. They are the pure original Haerlem Oil Capsules imported direct from the laboratories in Haerlem, Holland. Ask your druggist for GOLD MEDAL and accept no substitutes. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. Three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not quickly help you.—Adv.

Authors' Handwriting.

If readers and admirers of the polished sentences of popular authors could see the original manuscripts from which their works are printed they would be given interesting sidelights on the character and personality of the writers. The handwriting of G. K. Chesterton has been described by an English editor as "shocking." W. W. Jacobs, comedy writer of the sea, has all his literary work typed and makes but few corrections on the finished manuscript. Other English writers whose copy is reputed to be neat and quite acceptable to a printer are H. G. Wells, Rudyard Kipling, Arnold Bennett and Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Editors say they never know what to expect from that imaginative genius, H. de Vere Stapoole. Sometimes his work is neatly typed on good paper, but often it is scribbled to sheets torn from a copybook.

Heard on the Train.

"Is this Mr. Riley?"
"Eh—what?" said the deaf old chap.
"Is this Mr. Riley?"
"Riley! Oh, yes!"
"I knew your father."
"No bother."
"I say I knew your father."
"What?"
"I—knew—your—father."
"Oh, did ye? So did I."—Boston Transcript.

Stock Raising in Western Canada
is as profitable as Grain Growing

In Western Canada Grain Growing is a profit maker. Raising Cattle, Sheep and Hogs brings certain success. It's easy to prosper where you can raise 20 to 45 bu. of wheat to the acre and buy on easy terms.

Land at \$15 to \$30 Per Acre
—Good Grazing Land at Much Less.

Railway and Land Companies offer unusual inducements to homeseekers to settle in Western Canada and enjoy her prosperity. Loans made for the purchase of stock or other farming requirements can be had at low interest.

The Governments of the Dominion and Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta extend every encouragement to the farmer and ranchman.

You can obtain excellent land at low prices on easy terms, and get high prices for your grain, cattle, sheep and hogs. Low taxes (none on improvements), good markets and shipping facilities, free schools, churches, splendid climate and sure crops.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of lands for sale in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, reduced railroad rates, etc., apply to Superintendant of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

G. A. COOK, DRAWER 197, WATERTOWN, S. DAK.
R. A. GARRETT, 311 JACKSON ST., ST. PAUL, MINN.
Canadian Government Agents

When Helen Was Naughty.
Helen is a little girl, who lives on the South side. The other day she was very naughty and that night she said to her nurse:
"I was naughty today, wasn't I, Sarah?"
"Yes," answered Sarah. "You were so naughty you almost made your mother ill!"
"Well," sighed Helen, "I'm going to be better. But would you be good all at once, or just gradually?"—Kansas City Star.

Just Married.
"This book says to put some of yourself into everything you do."
"Yes?"
"And then it is bound to be a success."
"Ah, my dear, you were cut out to make angel cake."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy
No smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 5c. each at Druggists of mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

There's a Reason why so many people make Grape-Nuts
the regular part of at least one meal each day. It's because of the delightful flavor, and wonderful values of Grape-Nuts as a health builder.